Case:14-30039-SDB Doc#:67 Filed:11/17/17 Entered:11/17/17 10:06:52

#### Information to identify the case: Debtor 1 Pamela D Ashley Social Security number or ITIN xxx-xx-4899 Middle Name First Name Last Name Social Security number or ITIN \_\_\_\_ Debtor 2 First Name Middle Name Last Name (Spouse, if filing) United States Bankruptcy Court Southern District of Georgia Case number: 14-30039-SDB

Order of Discharge 12/15

IT IS ORDERED: A discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 727 is granted to:

Pamela D Ashley aka Pamela Ashley Woodard



Susan D. Barrett United States Bankruptcy Judge Federal Justice Center 600 James Brown Blvd P.O. Box 1487 Augusta, GA 30903

Dated: 11/17/17

#### **Explanation of Bankruptcy Discharge in a Chapter 7 Case**

This order does not close or dismiss the case, and it does not determine how much money, if any, the trustee will pay creditors.

#### Creditors cannot collect discharged debts

This order means that no one may make any attempt to collect a discharged debt from the debtors personally. For example, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors personally on discharged debts. Creditors cannot contact the debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise in any attempt to collect the debt personally. Creditors who violate this order can be required to pay debtors damages and attorney's fees.

However, a creditor with a lien may enforce a claim against the debtors' property subject to that lien unless the lien was avoided or eliminated. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

This order does not prevent debtors from paying any debt voluntarily or from paying reaffirmed debts according to the reaffirmation agreement. 11 U.S.C. § 524(c), (f).

## Most debts are discharged

Most debts are covered by the discharge, but not all. Generally, a discharge removes the debtors' personal liability for debts owed before the debtors' bankruptcy case was filed.

Also, if this case began under a different chapter of the Bankruptcy Code and was later converted to chapter 7, debts owed before the conversion are discharged.

In a case involving community property: Special rules protect certain community property owned by the debtor's spouse, even if that spouse did not file a bankruptcy case.

For more information, see page 2 >

Official Form 318 Order of Discharge page 1

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# Some debts are not discharged

Examples of debts that are not discharged are:

- debts that are domestic support obligations;
- debts for most student loans:
- debts for most taxes:
- debts that the bankruptcy court has decided or will decide are not discharged in this bankruptcy case;
- debts for most fines, penalties, forfeitures, or criminal restitution obligations;
- some debts which the debtors did not properly list;
- debts for certain types of loans owed to pension, profit sharing, stock bonus, or retirement plans; and
- debts for death or personal injury caused by operating a vehicle while intoxicated.

Also, debts covered by a valid reaffirmation agreement are not discharged.

In addition, this discharge does not stop creditors from collecting from anyone else who is also liable on the debt, such as an insurance company or a person who cosigned or guaranteed a loan.

This information is only a general summary of the bankruptcy discharge; some exceptions exist. Because the law is complicated, you should consult an attorney to determine the exact effect of the discharge in this case.

Because no party in interest filed a request for an order of dismissal pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 521(i)(2), the Debtor(s) was not required to file any further document pursuant to §521(a)(1)(B) to avoid an automatic dismissal and this case is not and was not subject to automatic dismissal under §521(i)(1). This does not prevent any party in interest from requesting by motion that Debtor(s) supply further information described in § 521(a)(1)(B), and this does not prevent the United States Trustee or Chapter 7 Trustee from requesting by any authorized means, including but not limited to motion, that the Debtor supply further information.